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Africa-BB-Maps National Event

National broadband mapping systems in Ethiopia

14—16 October 2025
Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

africabbmaps.itu.int/et-kickoff/



Africa-BB-Maps in Ethiopia: Objectives, Technical Framework, Timeline



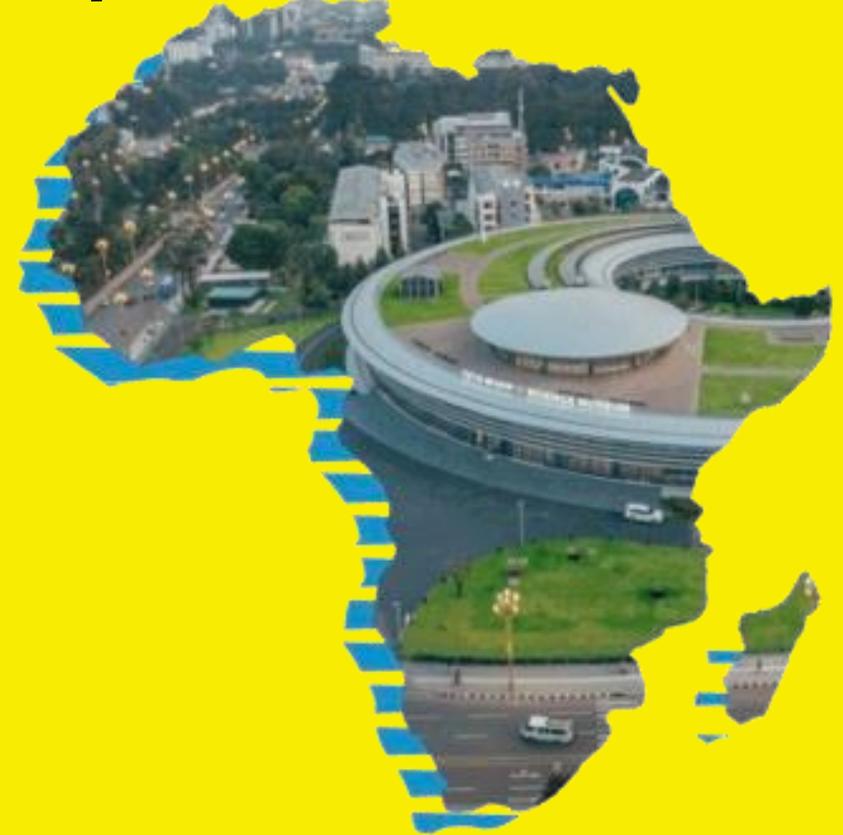
Mr. Dana Jon Kamason

Project Manager, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Mr. Elind Sulmina

Project Officer, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Africa-BB-Maps in Ethiopia: Objectives, Technical Framework, Timeline



Mr. Dana Jon Kamason

Project Manager, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Africa-BB-Maps – Project's Objective in Ethiopia

To **establish** and **operationalise sustainable** national **broadband mapping systems** to enable:



Validated, publicly accessible broadband data



Evidence-based policy and regulation



Targeted **infrastructure investment**



Universal and **meaningful connectivity**



Accelerated **digital transformation**



Regional harmonisation



Alignment with **international standards**



Africa-BB-Maps - 3 Strategic Pillars for Ethiopia



Policy & Regulations



Creating the enabling environment for broadband mapping to thrive:

- Governance frameworks aligned with EU best practices
- Policy and regulatory integration
- Common data standards and interoperability
- Monitoring and evaluation mechanisms

Technology



Delivering state-of-the-art mapping platform:

- Geospatial platform (proprietary, open-source, or hybrid)
- Integration of infrastructure and service data
- Geoportals for public access and planning
- Tools for network analysis and policy formulation

Capacity Development



Empowering people and institutions to lead:

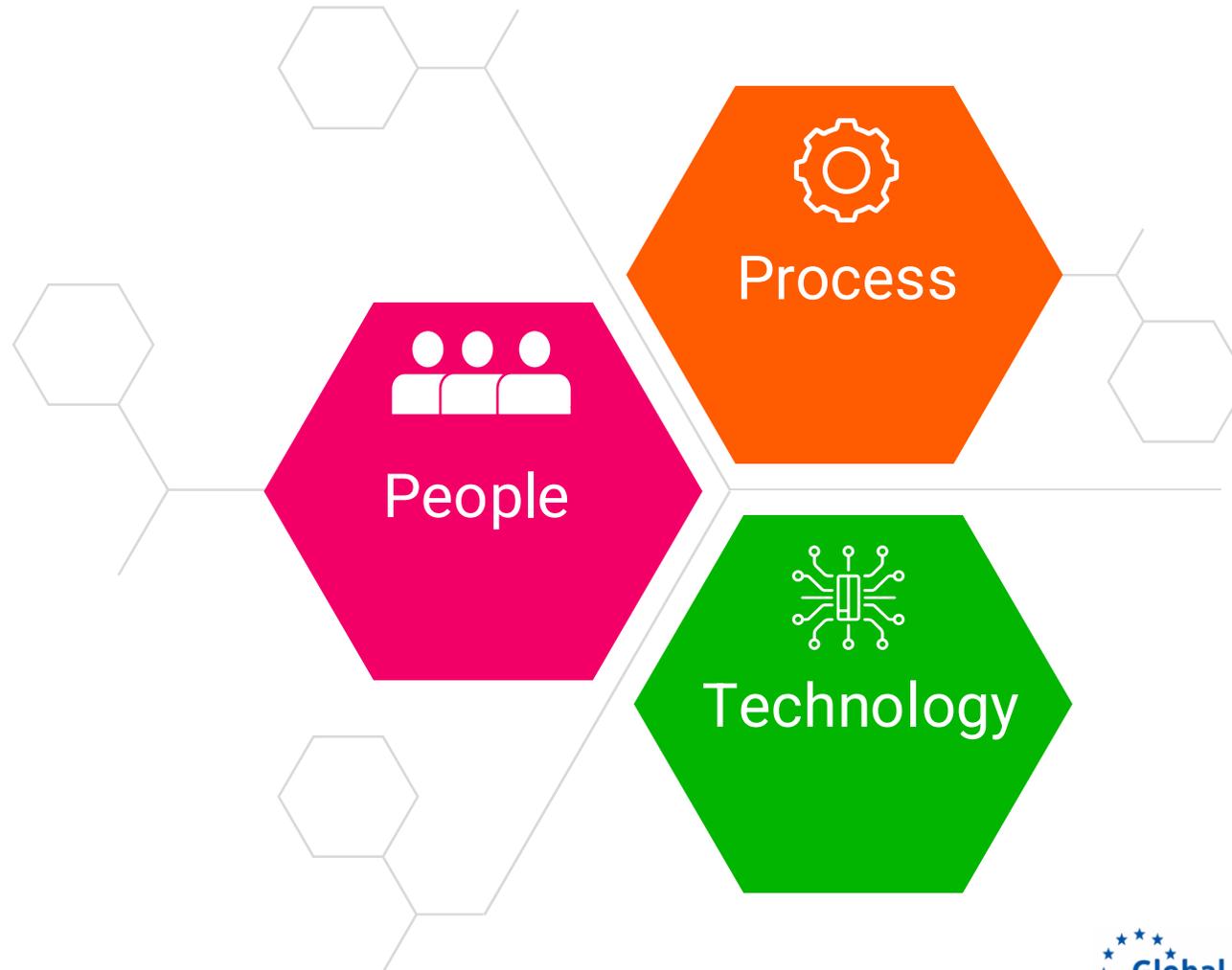
- Structured training through ITU Academy
- Hands-on learning in GIS, broadband policy, and data governance
- Support for ECA and stakeholders
- Ethiopia-EU collaboration and regional knowledge exchange

National Ownership for Sustainability



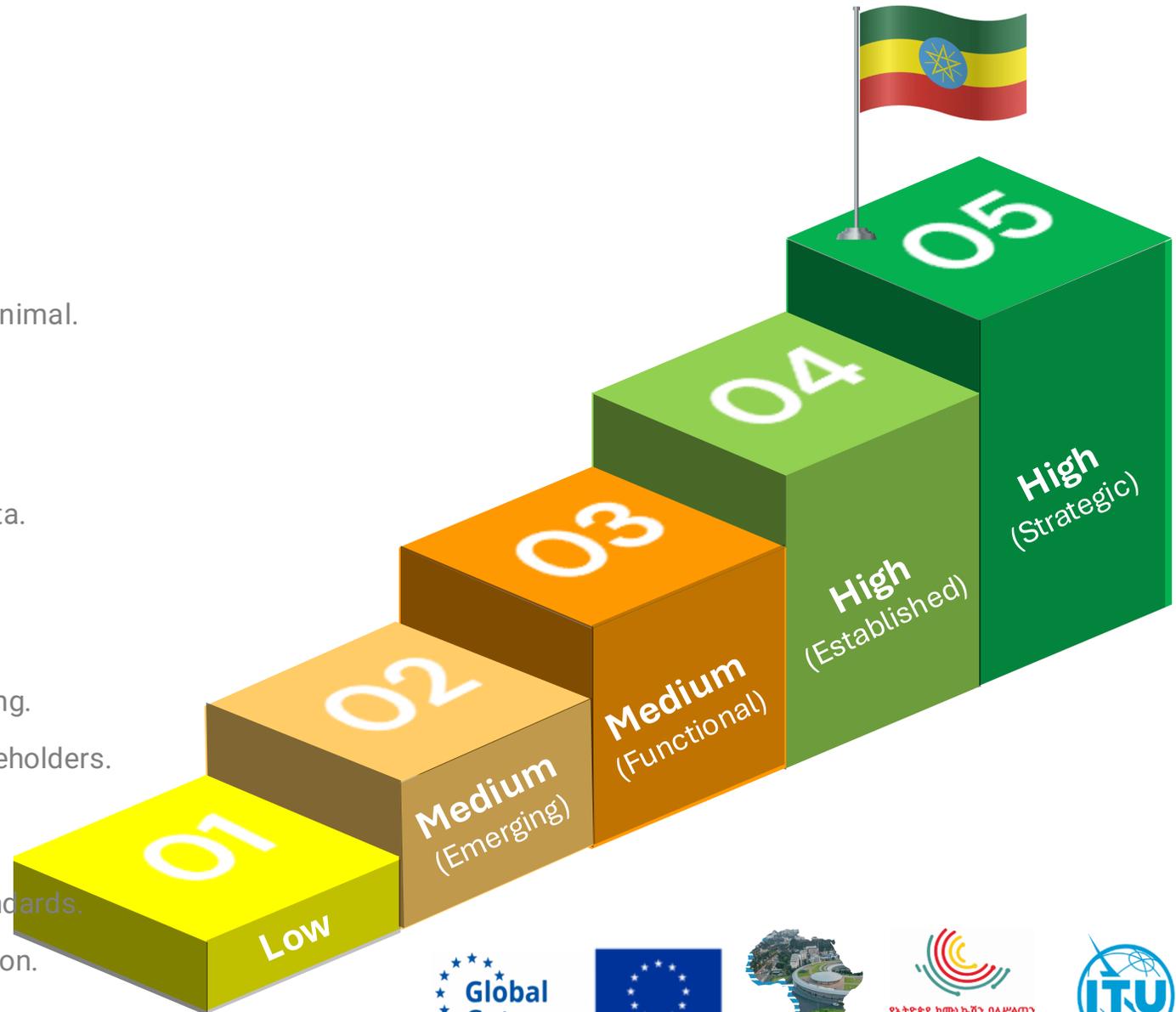
Africa-BB-Maps - Technical Framework for Ethiopia

People, Process, and Technology for Sustainable Broadband Mapping

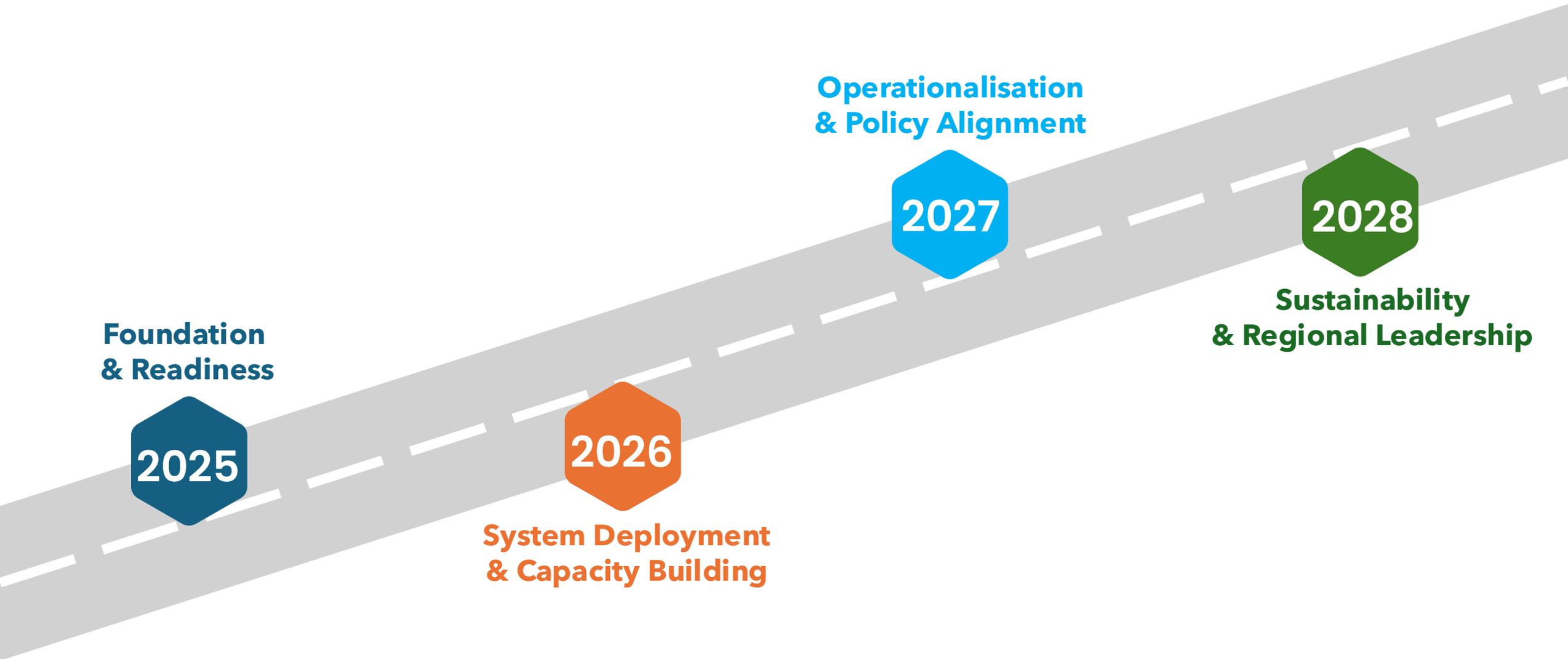


Africa-BB-Maps - Expected Outcome for Ethiopia

- 01 Low**
Status: No system, no capacity, no coordination.
Focus: Raise awareness and assess digital readiness.
- 02 Medium (Emerging)**
Status: Foundations forming, but data and systems are minimal.
Focus: Build mandates, standards, and system blueprint.
- 03 Medium (Functional)**
Status: Basic system running with limited features and data.
Focus: Deploy core components and train initial users.
- 04 High (Established)**
Status: Operational system integrated into national planning.
Focus: Institutionalise platform and scale use across stakeholders.
- 05 High (Strategic)**
Status: Strategic tool aligned with regional and global standards.
Focus: Drive decision-making, enable regional harmonisation.



Africa-BB-Maps - Roadmap for Ethiopia



Thank you

Any question?



Presentation of Africa-BB-Maps

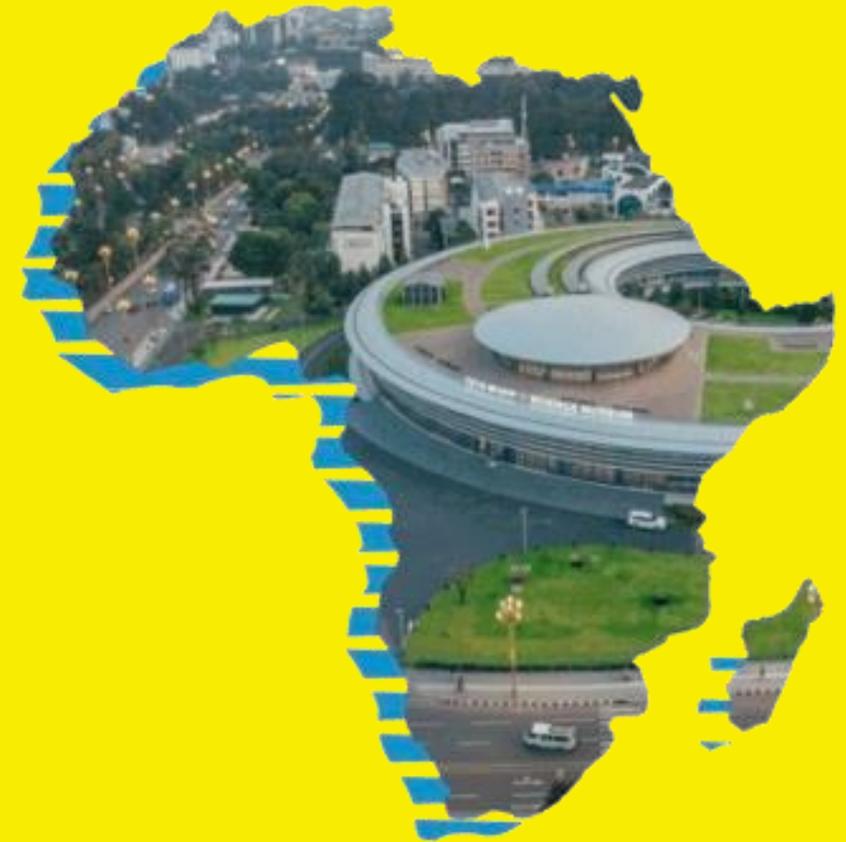


Mr. Elind Sulmina

Project Officer, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU

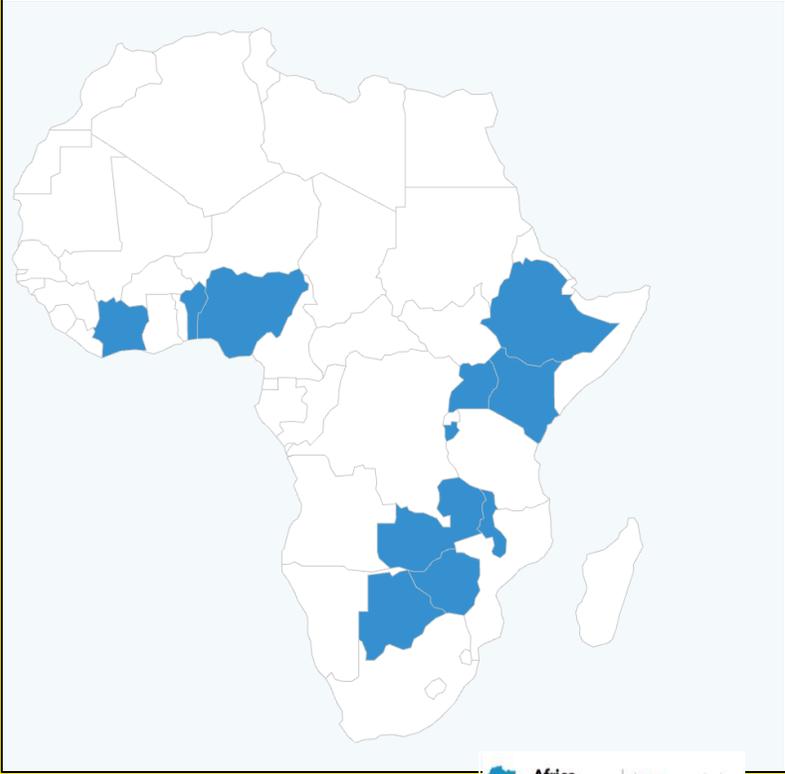
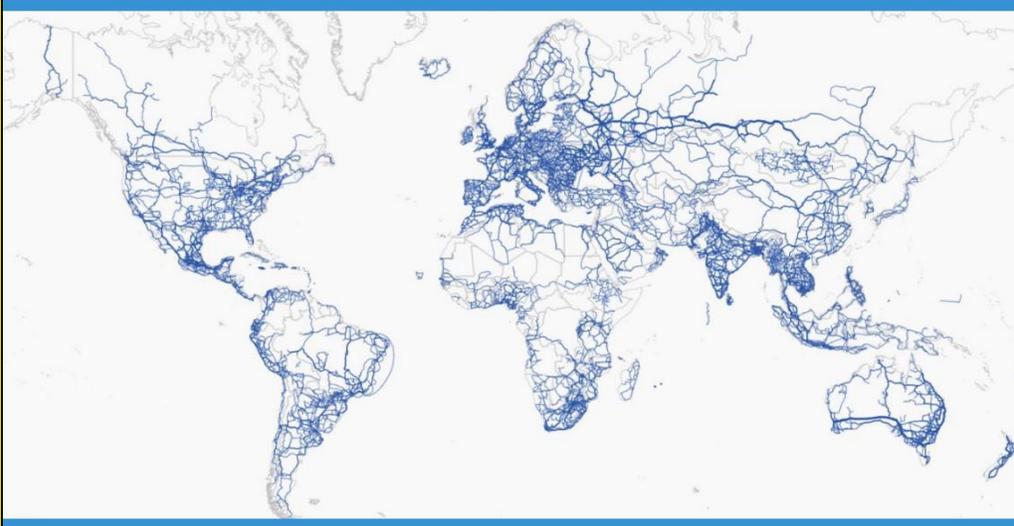


Africa-BB-Maps in Ethiopia



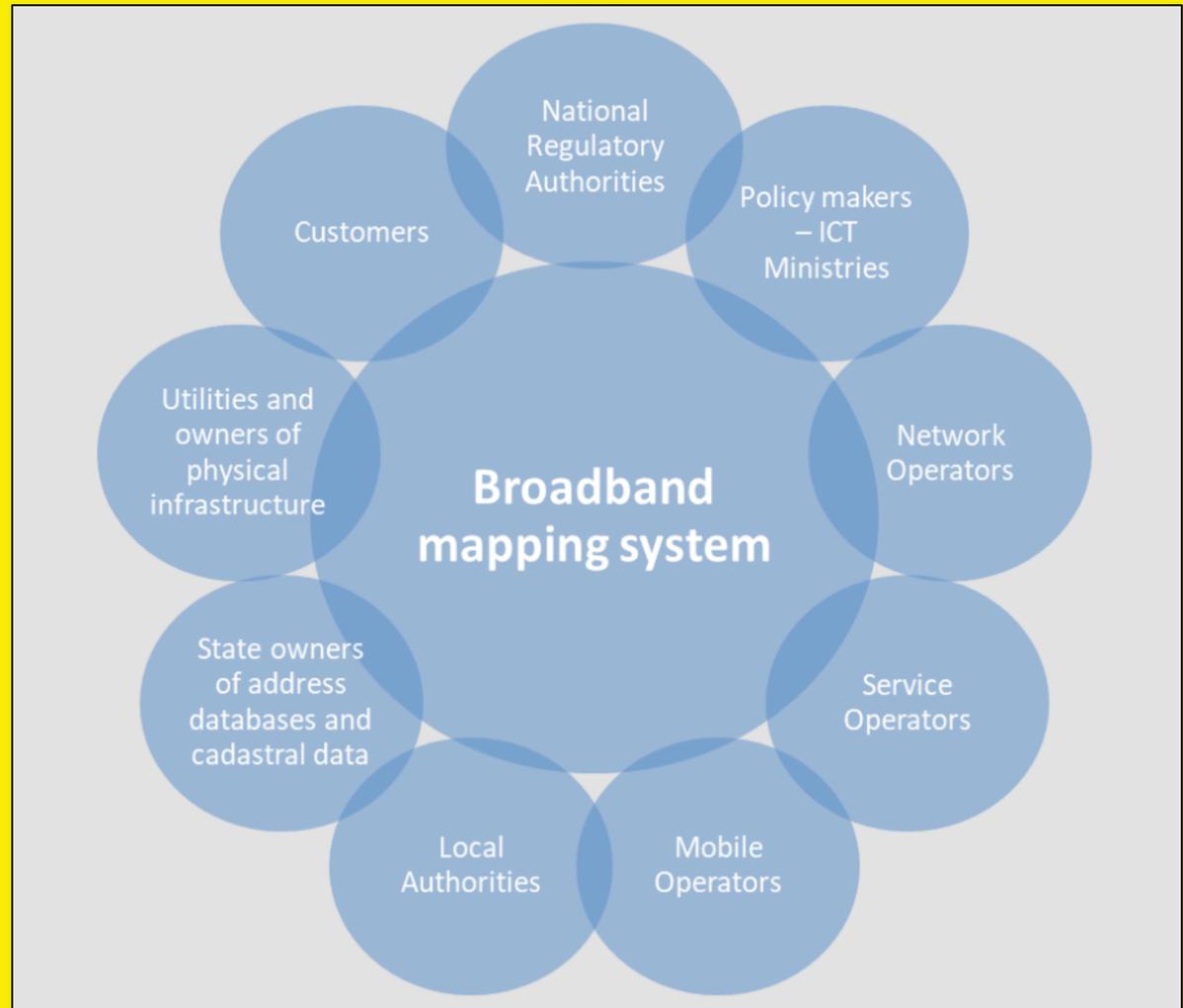
Framework for our policy action

Global Gap analysis on National Broadband Mapping Systems Initiatives



Infrastructure Mapping	Service Mapping
<p>The activity entailing the gathering, structuring and representing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> georeferenced data on passive physical infrastructure (e.g., pipes, ducts, poles, manholes, base stations, mobile towers, etc.) represented in lines and nodes; information about the type of infrastructure deployed (fiber/copper, water pipes, electricity); information about the owners of that infrastructure (fixed/mobile telecommunications, other network operators, national and local government, etc.) 	<p>The activity entailing the gathering, structuring and representing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> data about service availability (including bandwidth and or type of technology used to offer the service), data about the number of broadband service offers from operators data about the estimated quality of service available for a specific address and/or a specifically defined geographical area (e.g., 100m x 100m grid)
Investment Mapping	Demand Mapping
<p>The activity entailing the gathering, structuring and representing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> data about planned investments aimed at developing broadband infrastructure and services in a defined geographical area (e.g., region, municipality), including relevant information about publicly and/or privately funded projects. <p>Investment maps may include reports about areas characterized by market failure or sub optimal outcomes</p>	<p>The activity entailing the gathering, structuring and representing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> data about the quantity and quality of broadband demand for bandwidth desired by the end user. the level of financial allocation foreseen in association with that given broadband fixed service.

Table 1 Four Types of Broadband Mapping Systems



Regulatory Practices & Frameworks



ITU GUIDELINES
International Telecommunication Union
Telecommunication Development Bureau

Establishing or Strengthening National Broadband Mapping Systems

© ITU 2022



International Telecommunication Union



Compendium of Case Studies on Broadband Mapping Systems Across the EMERG and EaPeReg Regions

Open Document
October 2024
Final Version



ITU POLICY PAPER

ENABLING ENVIRONMENT FOR BROADBAND MAPPING IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

© ITU December 2021

11.3.2021 [EN] Official Journal of the European Union C 361

II
(legislative)

INFORMATION FROM EUROPEAN UNION INSTITUTIONS, BODIES, OFFICES AND AGENCIES

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION
Guidelines on State aid for broadband networks
(DGEC 3601)

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23.3.2014 [EN] Official Journal of the European Union L 133/1

I
(legislative act)

DIRECTIVES

DIRECTIVE 2014/61/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 15 May 2014
on measures to reduce the cost of deploying high-speed electronic communications networks
(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,
After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,
Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee⁽¹⁾,
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions⁽²⁾,
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure⁽³⁾,

Whereas:

(1) The digital economy is changing the internal market profoundly. With its innovation, speed and reach across borders it has the potential to take internal market integration to a new level. The Union's vision is that of a digital economy that delivers sustainable economic and social benefits based on modern online services and fast internet connections. A high quality digital infrastructure underpins virtually all sectors of a modern and innovative economy and is of strategic importance to social and territorial cohesion. Therefore, all citizens as well as the private and public sectors must have the opportunity to be part of the digital economy.

(2) Acknowledging the importance of high-speed broadband roll-out, Member States have endorsed the ambitious broadband targets set out in the Communication from the Commission entitled 'The Digital Agenda for Europe – Driving European growth digitally' (the Digital Agenda), namely to bring high-speed broadband to all Europeans by 2013 and to ensure that, by 2020, all Europeans have access to much higher internet speeds of above 10 Mbps and 50 % or more of Union households subscribe to internet connections above 100 Mbps.

(3) Given the rapid evolution of technologies, the exponential growth in broadband traffic and the increasing demand for services, the targets laid down in the Digital Agenda should be considered to be an absolute minimum and the Union should aim for more ambitious broadband targets in order to achieve more growth, competitiveness and productivity in the context of the review of the Directive, the Commission should assess whether and how the Directive could further contribute to that aim.

(1) OJ C 127, 14.4.2012, p. 34.
(2) OJ C 207, 16.6.2011, p. 1.
(3) The European Parliament of 14 November 2013 has not yet published in the Official Journal and decision of the Council of 4 December 2013.
(4) Directive 2002/20/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on access to and interconnection of electronic communications networks and associated facilities (Directive 2002/20/EC), OJ L 10, 14.2.2002, p. 7.
(5) Directive 2002/21/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 April 2002 on the harmonisation of electronic communications regulatory frameworks (Directive 2002/21/EC), OJ L 10, 14.2.2002, p. 10.
(6) Directive 2002/22/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on a common regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services (Framework Directive 2002/22/EC), OJ L 10, 14.2.2002, p. 10.
(7) Directive 2002/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 March 2002 on universal service and user rights relating to electronic communications networks and services (Universal Service Directive 2002/19/EC), OJ L 10, 14.2.2002, p. 10.
(8) Directive 2002/14/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2002 concerning the processing of personal data and the protection of privacy in the electronic communications sector (Directive on privacy and electronic communications) (Directive 2002/14/EC), OJ L 10, 14.2.2002, p. 17.

L 321/36 [EN] Official Journal of the European Union 17.12.2014

DIRECTIVES

DIRECTIVE (EU) 2014/52/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
of 11 December 2014
establishing the European Electronic Communications Code
(Recast)
(Text with EEA relevance)

(The European Parliament and the Council of the European Union)

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,
Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,
Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,
After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,
Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee⁽¹⁾,
Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions⁽²⁾,
Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure⁽³⁾,

Whereas:

(1) Directive 2002/19/EC⁽⁴⁾, Directive 2002/20/EC⁽⁵⁾, Directive 2002/21/EC⁽⁶⁾ and Directive 2002/22/EC⁽⁷⁾ of the European Parliament and of the Council have been substantially amended. Since further amendments are to be made, those Directives should be recast in the interests of clarity.

(2) The functioning of the five Directives which are part of the existing regulatory framework for electronic communications networks and services, namely Directives 2002/19/EC, 2002/20/EC, 2002/21/EC and 2002/22/EC and Directive 2002/14/EC⁽⁸⁾ of the European Parliament and of the Council⁽⁹⁾, is subject to periodic review by the Commission, with a view in particular to determining the need for modification in light of technological and market developments.

(3) In its communication of 6 May 2013 setting out a Digital Single Market Strategy for Europe, the Commission stated that its review of the electronic communications framework would focus on measures that aim to provide incentives for investment in high-speed broadband networks, bring a more consistent internal market approach to radio spectrum policy and management, deliver conditions for a fair internal market by making regulatory fragmentation, ensure effective protection of consumers, a level playing field for all market players and consistent application of the rules, as well as provide a more efficient regulatory institutional framework.



Africa-BB-Maps in Ethiopia



Thank you.

Any question?



PAGE BREAK

National Stakeholder Mapping: Roles and Responsibilities



Mr. Dana Jon Kamason

Project Manager, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Software Choices for Ethiopia



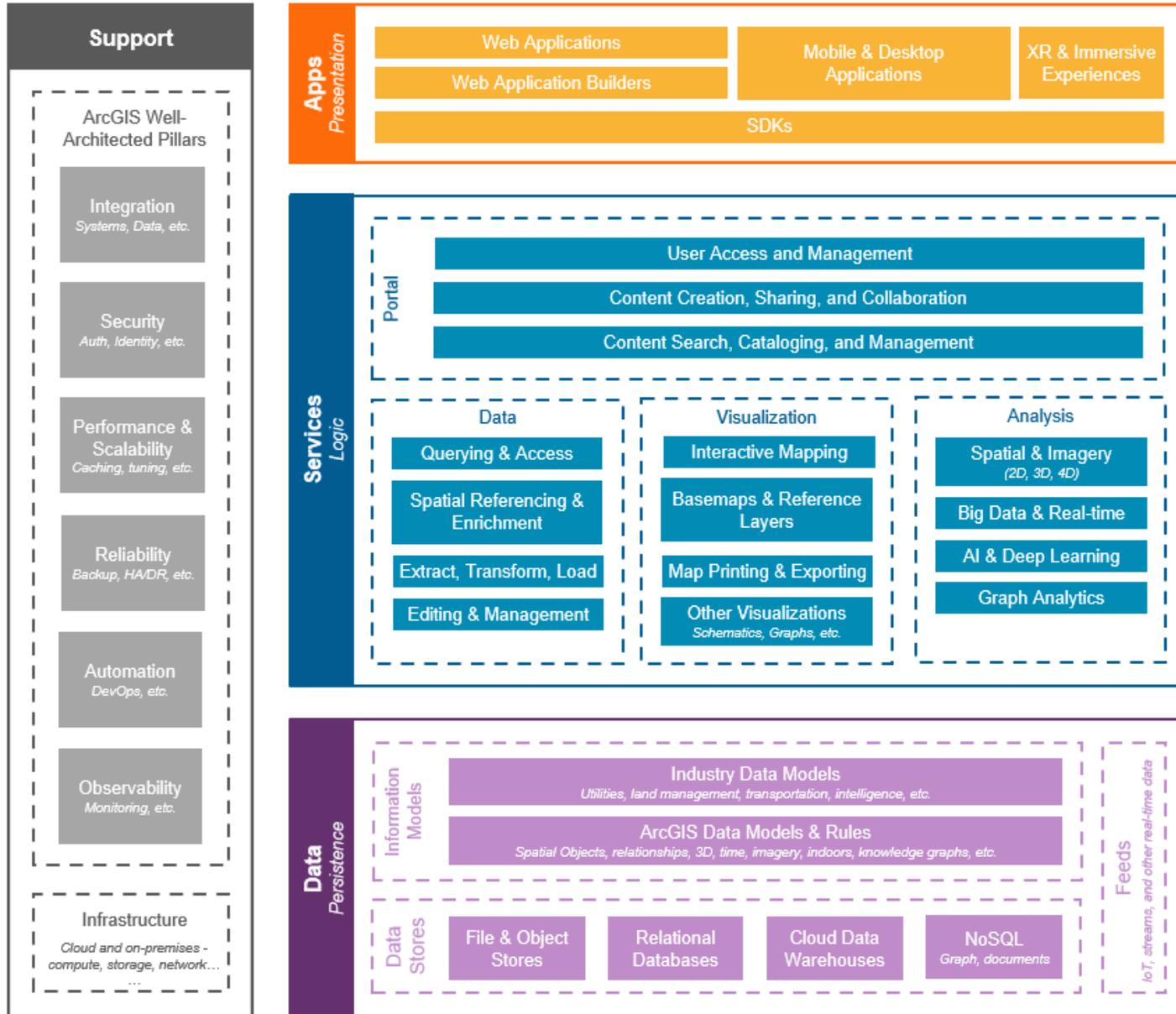
Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Software: Ethiopia 's **Choice**



ArcGIS



Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS Architecture



Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS Architecture Pillars

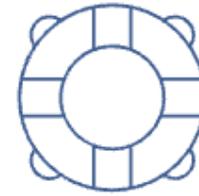
Best Practice and Design Recommendations



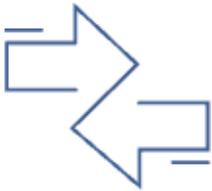
Security



Performance & Scalability



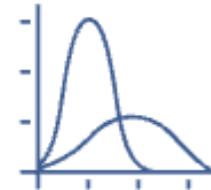
Reliability



Integration



Automation



Observability



Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS Architecture **Systems Patterns**

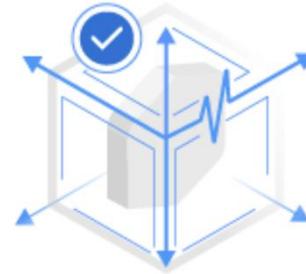
Geospatial in Nature, Supports Multiple Deployment Models



Location Services



Self-service mapping, analysis, and sharing



Enterprise application hosting and management



Data editing and management



Imagery data management and analytics



Mobile operation and offline data management

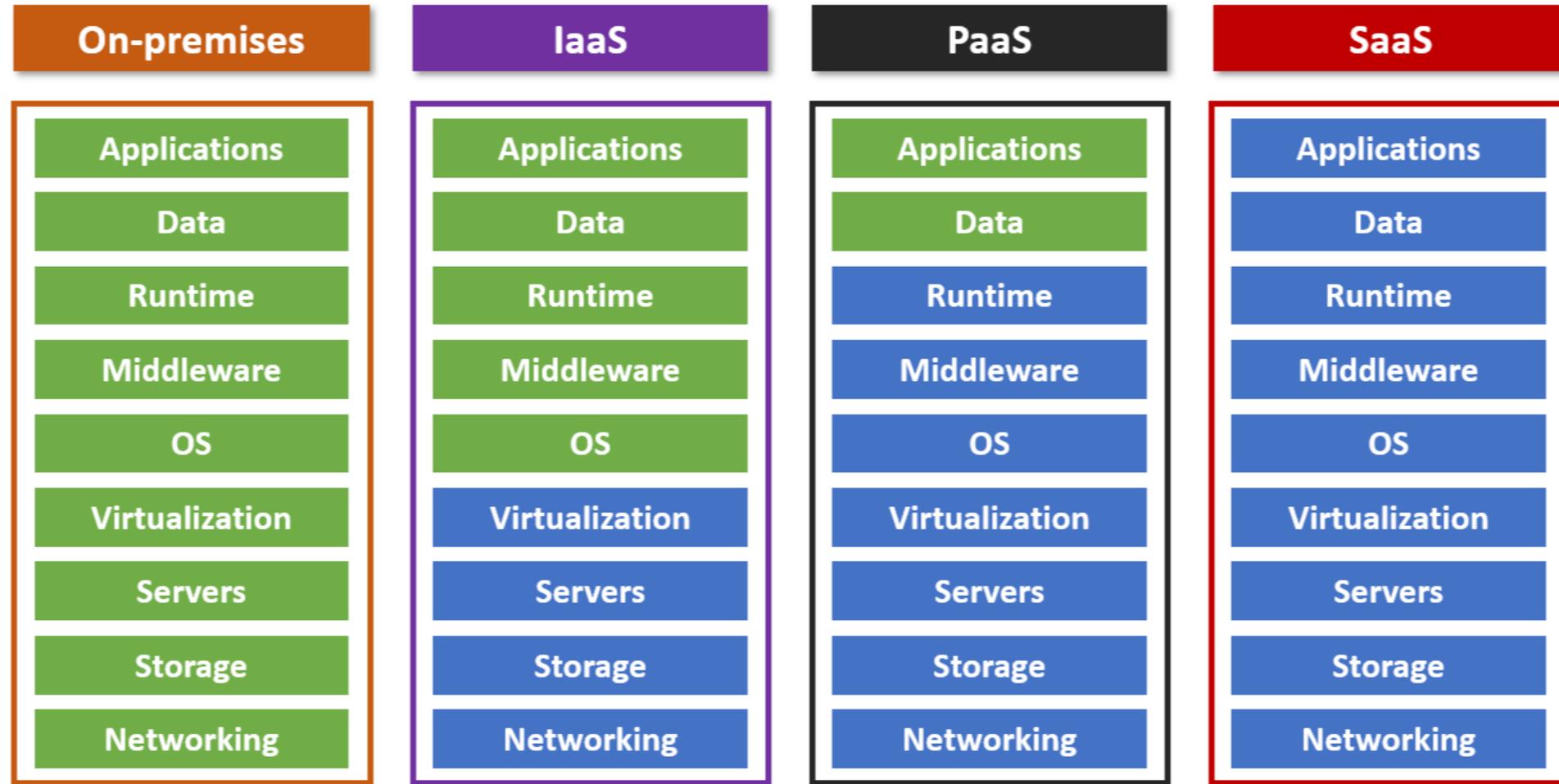


Real-time data streaming and analytics



Big data analytics

Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS Architecture Deployment Model

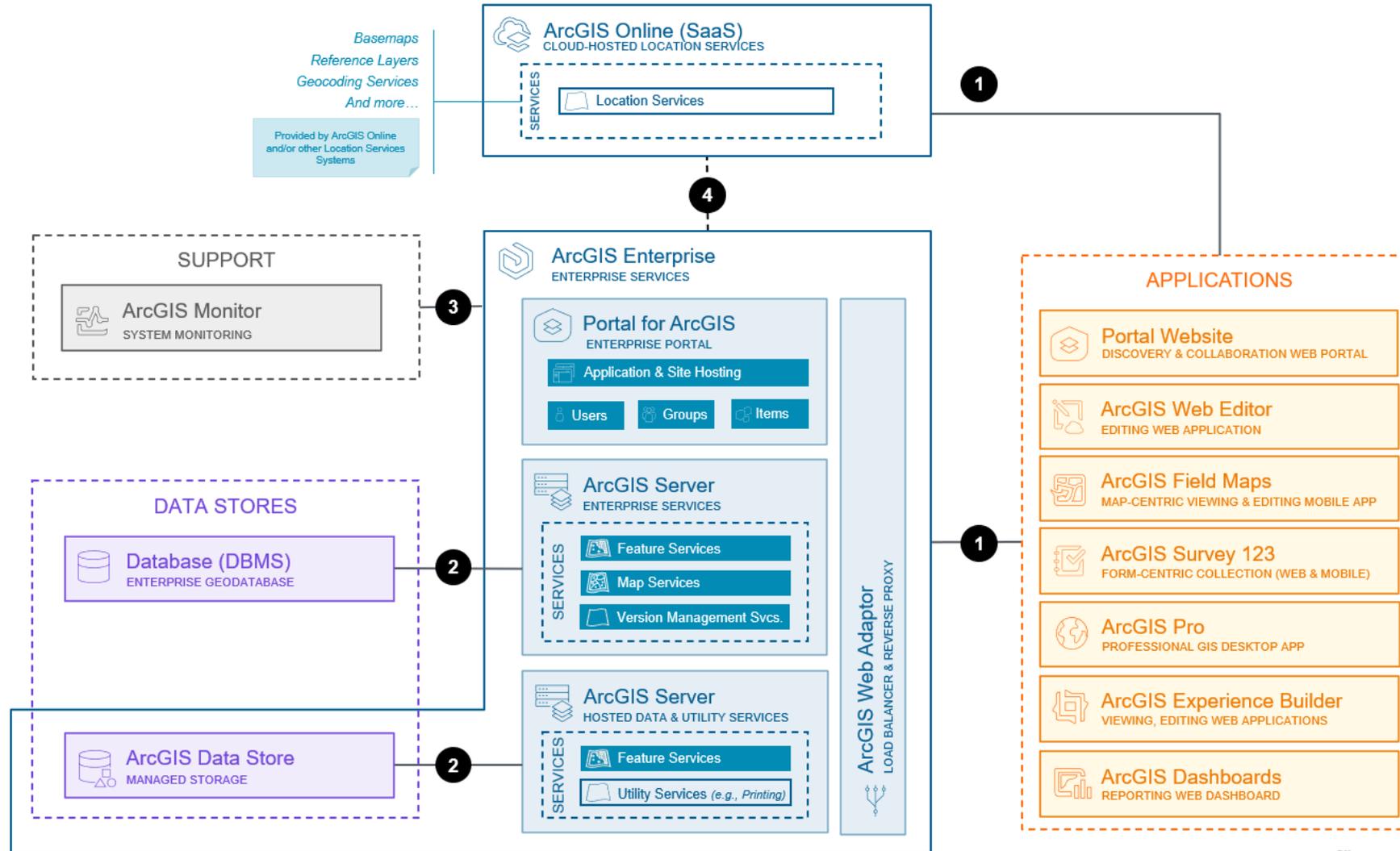


 You manage

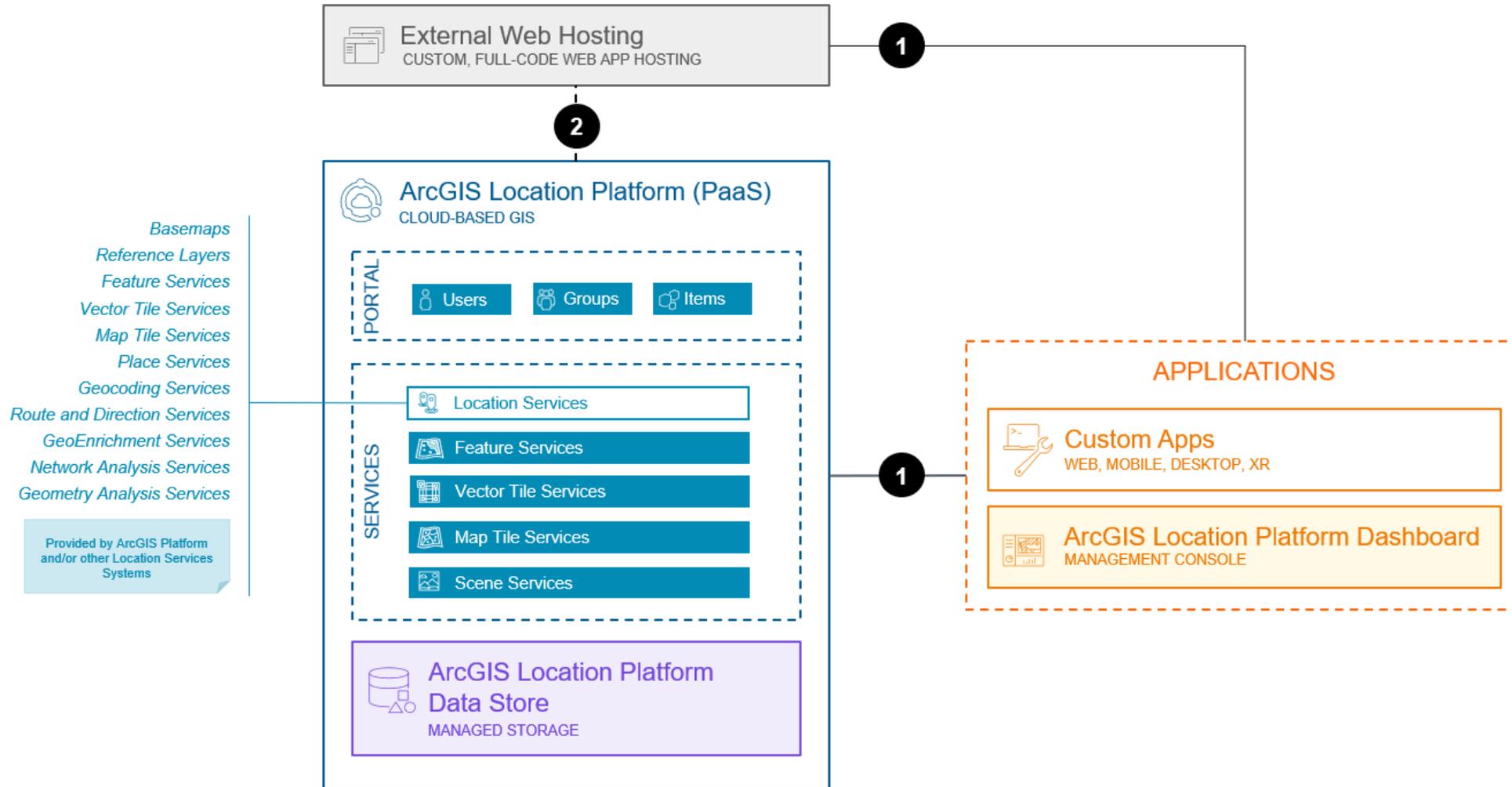
 Managed by provider



Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS IaaS/On-Premises

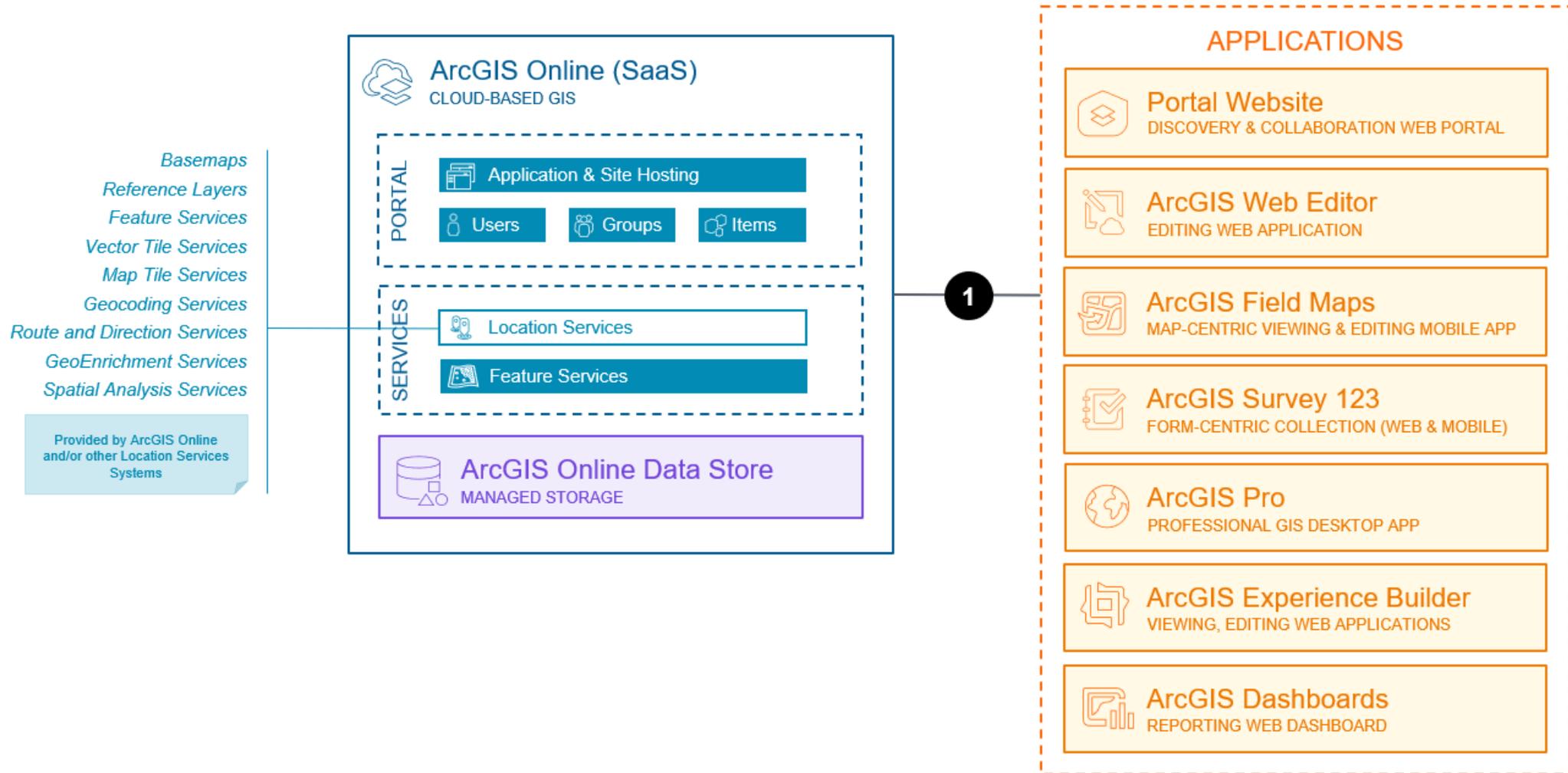


Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS PaaS



Source: Esri

Africa-BB-Maps – ArcGIS SaaS



Source: Esri

Geospatial Open Source & Open Data



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Software



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<https://www.osgeo.org/>



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Projects



deegree

deegree is open source software for spatial data infrastructures and the geospat...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GDAL/OGR

GDAL is a C++ translator library for more than 200 raster and vector geospatial ...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GeoMoose

GeoMoose is a Web Client JavaScript Framework for displaying distributed cartogr...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



gvSIG Desktop

gvSIG is a powerful, user-friendly, interoperable GIS used by thousands o...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Mapbender

Mapbender is a web based geoportal framework to publish, register, view, navigat...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



MapServer

Known as one of the fastest mapping engines in the world, MapServer is an Open S...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GeoNetwork

A catalog to manage spatially referenced resources. It provides powerful metadat...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GeoNode

GeoNode is a web-based application and platform for developing geospatial inform...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GEOS

GEOS (Geometry Engine – Open Source) is a C++ port of the Java Topology Su...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Marble

Versatile, yet easy to use. Use Marble similar to a desktop globe; pan around an...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#)



OpenLayers

OpenLayers makes it easy to put a dynamic map in any web page. It can display ma...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Orfeo ToolBox

Orfeo ToolBox is an open-source project for state-of-the-art remote sensing, inc...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GeoServer

Designed for interoperability, GeoServer publishes data from any major spatial d...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GeoTools

An open source Java library providing a standards compliant approach for visuali...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



GRASS

GRASS is a powerful computational engine for raster, vector, and geospatial proc...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



OSGeoLive

OSGeoLive is a self-contained bootable DVD, USB thumb drive or Virtual Machine b...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



pgRouting

pgRouting extends the PostGIS / PostgreSQL geospatial database providing routing...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



PostGIS

PostGIS adds GIS spatial types and support to PostgreSQL. It is used by Database...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Projects



PROJ

PROJ is a generic coordinate transformation software that transforms geospatial ...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



pycsrw

pycsrw is an OGC CSW server implementation written in Python. Started in 2010 (mo...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



pygeoapi

pygeoapi is an OGC API to geospatial data

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Feature Data Objects

FDO

FDO Data Access Technology is an API for manipulating, defining and analyzing ge...

[Website](#) [Documentation](#)



GC2/Vidi

A platform for building spatial data infrastructure and deploying browser based ...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoExt

A JavaScript Toolkit for Rich Web Mapping Applications

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



PyWPS

PyWPS is an implementation of the Web Processing Service standard from the Open ...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



QGIS Desktop

QGIS is the leading Free and Open Source Desktop GIS. It allows you to create, e...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



ZOO-Project

ZOO-Project is a C-based WPS (Web Processing Service) implementation. It is an o...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoHealthCheck

GeoHealthCheck is a Python application to support monitoring OGC Web Services up...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoServer Client PHP

GeoServer Client PHP is library for interacting with the GeoServer API.

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoStyler

generic styler for geodata

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



actinia

Actinia is an open source REST API for scalable, distributed, high performance p...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



EOEPCA+

EOEPCA+'s vision is to streamline the access to and processing of earth observat...

[Website](#) [Documentation](#)



ETF

ETF is a testing framework for validating data and APIs in Spatial Data Infrastr...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoWebCache

GWC is a tile server and caching proxy written in Java.

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Giswater

An intelligent technology, free and open source for the integral water cycle man...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



istSOS

istSOS is an OGC Sensor Observation Service server implementation written in Pyt...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Projects



Loader

A loader for geographic data in GML and KML (that needs some preparation before ...)

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



mapfish

Create reports that contain maps!

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



MapGuide Open Source

MapGuide Open Source is a web-based platform that enables users to develop and d...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



OSSIM

OSSIM is an open source, C++ (mostly), geospatial image processing library used ...

[Source](#)



OWSLib

OWSLib is a Python package for client programming with Open Geospatial Consortium...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Portable GIS

GIS on a USB stick, for windows

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



mappyfile

A Python library to create, parse, modify, and format MapServer Mapfiles....

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Mesh Data Abstraction Library (MDAL)

Mesh Data Abstraction Library (MDAL) is a translator library for more than 15 un...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



MobilityDB

An open source geospatial trajectory data management & analysis platform...

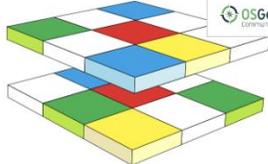
[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



PROJ-JNI

PROJ-JNI provides a Java Native Interface for PROJ C/C++ library...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Pronto Raster

Pronto Raster is a C++ library for calculations with raster data. The library is...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



rasdaman

Scalable datacube analytics

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Open Data Cube

The Open Data Cube is a Python library and suite of supporting applications that...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



Opticks

Opticks is an expandable remote sensing and imagery analysis software platform t...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#)



OSGeo4W

OSGeo4W is a binary distribution of a broad set of open source geospatial softwa...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



TEAM Engine

The Test, Evaluation, And Measurement (TEAM) Engine is a testing facility that e...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



TorchGeo

TorchGeo: datasets, samplers, transforms, and pre-trained models for geospatial ...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)



XYZ / MAPP

Open source presentation, controller, domain, and service layers for cloud nativ...

[Website](#) ↔ [Source](#) □ [Documentation](#)

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Projects



Bezitopo
A land surveying CAD package under development

[Website](#) [Source](#)



CoastalME
CoastalME (Coastal Modelling Environment) is a Free Open Source and Software for...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



DigiAgriApp
DigiAgriApp is a software solution aimed at anyone with cultivated land...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoMesa
GeoMesa is an open-source, distributed, spatio-temporal database built on a numb...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Geoparazzi
Geoparazzi is a tool developed to do very fast qualitative engineering/geologi...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



geOrchestra
geOrchestra is the free, modular, interoperable & secure Spatial Data Infras...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



eodash
Publish and integrate Earth Observation data in a dashboard application through ...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



EOxServer
EOxServer is a Python application and framework for presenting Earth Observation...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



ESA-NASA WorldWind
WorldWind is a free, open source API for a virtual globe. WorldWind allows devel...

[Website](#) [Source](#)



GeoTrellis
GeoTrellis is a geographic data processing library designed to work with large g...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GeoWave
GeoWave is a software library that connects the scalability of distributed compu...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



GET-IT - Geoinformation Enabling ToolKIT starterkit®
The Geoinformation Enabling ToolKIT starterkit® (GET-IT) is the software suite f...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



First Draft GIS
First Draft GIS is an Artificial Intelligence that makes the first draft of a ma...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Flexurba
Flexurba is an open-source R package to flexibly reconstruct the Degree of Urban...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Geomajas - OSGeo Heritage Project
Note: This project is an OSGeo Heritage Project - it is no longer maintain...

[Source](#)



GIFramework Maps
GIFramework Maps is a .NET based web mapping application designed and developed ...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Giro3D
Giro3D is an open-source JavaScript framework for visualizing and interacting wi...

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)



Gisquick
Let's share GIS much quicker!

[Website](#) [Source](#) [Documentation](#)

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Source Projects



HOT Tasking Manager

The purpose of the Tasking Manager is to divide a large mapping project into sma...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



JTS Topology Suite

JTS is an open source spatial library defining geometry, spatial relationships, ...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



Kaoto

Kaoto is an integration editor to create and deploy workflows in a visual, low-c...

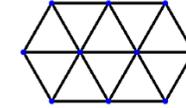
[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



pdal

The Point Data Abstraction Library (PDAL) provides command line tools and a libr...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



PerfectTIN

Converts point clouds to TINs

[↔](#) [Source](#)



py3dtiles

Python library and command-line for 3dtiles

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



Koop

An Open Geospatial ETL Engine so you can leave geospatial data where it lives an...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



Leaflet

Open-source JavaScript library for mobile-friendly interactive maps

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



LERC Limited Error Raster Compression

LERC is an open-source image or raster format which supports rapid encoding and ...

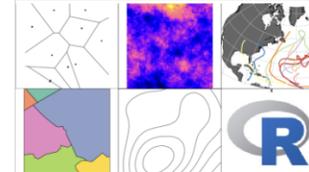
[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



QField

Get your QGIS fieldwork done efficiently and comfortably.

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



R-Spatial

A set of R packages for handling and analysing spatial data, built upon OSGeo co...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



RasterFrames

RasterFrames® enables analysts, data scientists and EO specialists to easily...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



Masterportal

Masterportal is an open source geoviewer (WebGIS) compliant to OGC standards. It...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



MOSS

Map Overlay and Statistical System (MOSS) The Map Overlay and Statistical System...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



MovingPandas

Python library for movement trajectory data exploration and analysis.

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



SFCGAL

SFCGAL is a C++ wrapper library around CGAL (Computational Geometry Algorithms L...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)



Tegola

Tegola is a high performance Mapbox Vector Tile server written in Go. In a nutsh...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#)



Terra Draw

Terra Draw is an open source JavaScript library for drawing and editing geometri...

[Website](#) [↔](#) [Source](#) [□](#) [Documentation](#)

‘Open Data applies the principles of ***free and open*** to geospatial data’

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial **Open Data (Global)**



<https://www.openstreetmap.org>



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Data (Global)



<https://www.copernicus.eu/en/access-data/conventional-data-access-hubs>



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Data (Africa)

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https://digitalearthafrica.org/en_za

Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Data (Africa)



Data Library

Learning Center

Geospatial Tools

Community ▼

The Africa GeoPortal

Inspiring communities through geography



Location intelligence is the ability to analyze and find spatial patterns in data, to provide powerful insights into understanding our world and communicating our needs. This is made possible through a combination of local data and advanced geospatial tools, along with training that's included for anyone working on geographic challenges across the continent.

GET STARTED



<https://www.africageoportal.com>



Africa-BB-Maps – Geospatial Open Data (Ethiopia)



Ethiopia GeoPortal



What is location intelligence?

Location intelligence is the ability to analyze and find spatial patterns in data, to provide powerful insights into understanding our world and communicating our needs. This is possible through a combination of local data and advanced geospatial tools, with training that's included for anyone working on geospatial data.

<https://www.africageoportal.com>



Thank you.

Any question?



PAGE BREAK

Policy Deep-dive: Presentation of upcoming Policy Analysis work



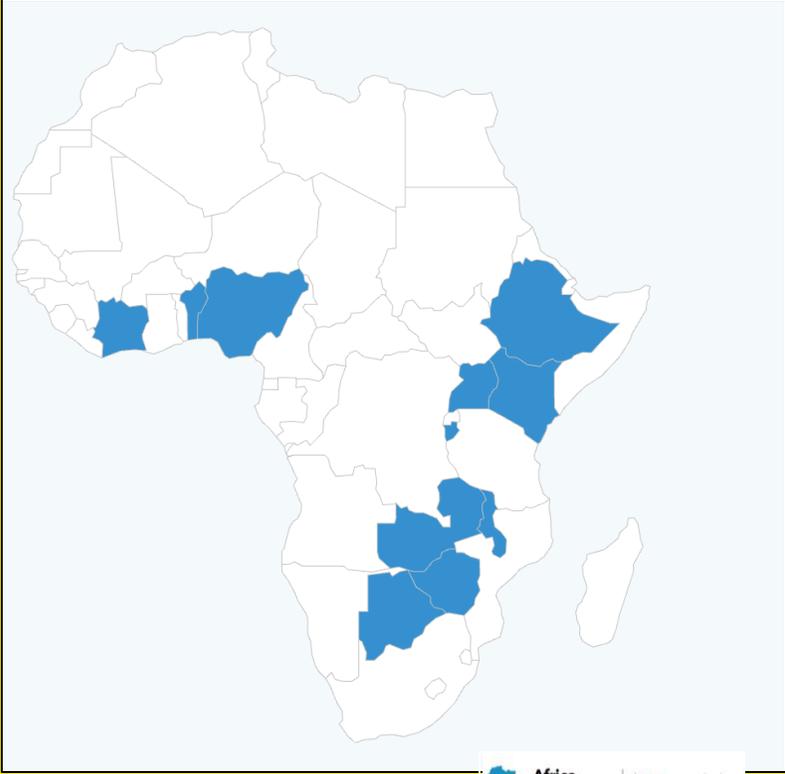
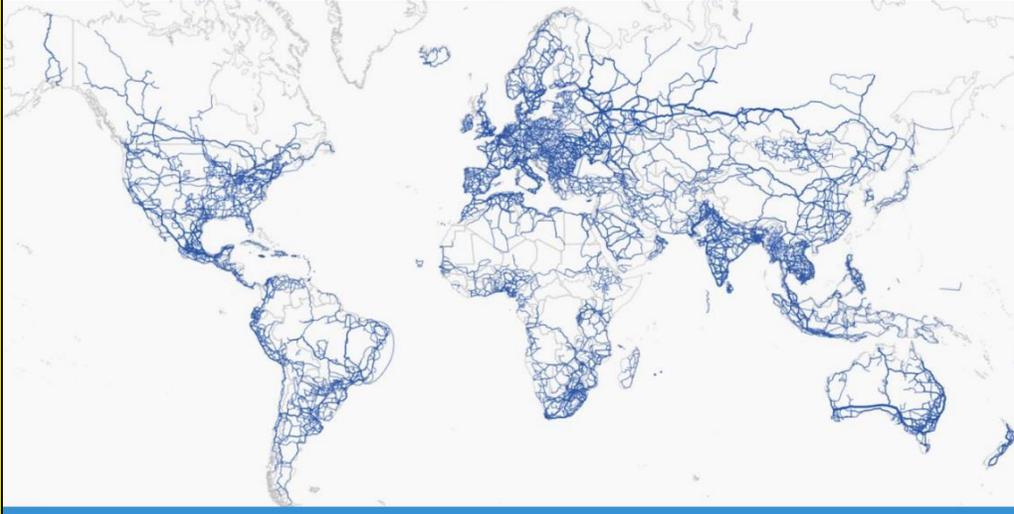
Mr. Elind Sulmina

Project Officer, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Framework for our policy action

Global Gap analysis on National Broadband Mapping Systems Initiatives



Policy Deep-dive: Structure

Section	Title
1.1	Background
1.2	Context
1.3	Problem statement
1.4	Purpose of the guidelines

Policy Deep-dive: Presentation of upcoming Policy Analysis work

2.1	Strategic and policy drivers for broadband mapping
2.2	A regulatory framework for mapping
2.2.1	The EU Guidelines on State Aid for Broadband (2013)
2.2.2	The Broadband Cost Reduction Directive (2014)
2.2.3	The European Electronic Communications Code (2018)
2.3	Regulatory improvements and developments
2.3.1	Revision of the EU Guidelines on State Aid for Broadband
2.3.2	Revision of the Broadband Cost Reduction Directive
2.3.3	BEREC's implementation of the EECC
2.3.4	The European experience in the field of dispute settlement mechanism
2.4	Minimum policy and regulatory requirements to implement a broadband mapping system



Policy Deep-dive: Presentation of upcoming Policy Analysis work

3.1	Project setup
3.1.1	Project framework and objectives
3.1.2	Project design
3.3	Minimum technical and project requirements to implement a broadband mapping system



Policy Deep-dive: Presentation of upcoming Policy Analysis work

4.2 General Success Factors
4.2.1 Stakeholder involvement
4.2.2. Clear definition on types of mapping
4.2.3. Internal sponsorship
4.2.4 Efficient reporting tool
4.2.5 Reporting support

4.1	Data quality
4.1.1	Data confidentiality
4.1.2	Data sources
4.1.3	Reporting types
4.1.4	Regulation
4.1.5	Stakeholder costs

4.3 Long term sustainability
4.3.1 Investment in reporting tools
4.3.2 Collection tool adaptability and development
4.3.3 Visualisation tools
4.3.4 Tools' promotion
4.3.5 Data application
4.3.6 Open-source solutions
4.3.7 Change management



Checklist 1

Checklist 1 - Policy and Regulatory Checklist

- | |
|---|
| 1. Define the rationale and objectives for broadband mapping at the country level |
| 2. Identify relevant institutions and stakeholders and their roles |
| 3. Include the rationale and mandate in strategic documents (e.g., broadband plans, ICT strategies) |
| 4. Provide a platform for long term engagement and consultation with all stakeholders (operators, regional and local administrations, etc.) |
| 5. Analyse the legislative framework and propose reform as needed <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Infrastructure sharing (infrastructure mapping)- Allocation of public funding (service mapping)- Objective of the map- Obligation for the authority to deliver the map- Obligation for stakeholders to provide information- Other |
| 6. Ensure the NRA (or other Competent Authority) has the necessary mandate, budget and human resources to implement the provisions of the law |
| 7. Define common technical definitions and methods to carry out the broadband mapping exercise. Consult with stakeholders. |
| 8. Establish a dispute settlement mechanism fit for the national context |
| 9. Plan regular evaluations of the mapping and of its the usefulness in fulfilling its objectives. adjust the map and any related normative provisions, if necessary, in accordance with the assessment, changes in objectives or legal/regulatory framework every 4-5 years to ensure they are fit for purpose |
| OUTPUT: <u>review of enabling environment and recommendations and/or report describing existing boundaries of the regulatory framework for broadband mapping</u> |

PAGE BREAK

Co-Creation on Architecture, Governance and Policies & Regulation

Group 1

Systems Architecture & Deployment Models

Key Area:

- Proprietary / Open source
- Deployment Architectures
- Pillars (Security, Performance & Scalability, Integration, Reliability)

Group 2

Data Governance Framework

Key Area:

- Data Governance,
- Standardization,
- Validation,
- Data Quality Assurance

Group 3

Policy and Regulation

Key Area:

- Internal, legal or policy barriers;
- Coordination challenges between data providers and MACRA
- Data ownership and confidentiality
- Institutional limitations
- National & Regional harmonization



PAGE BREAK

National Roadmap - Training Programme, Final Timeline & Next Steps



Mr. Dana Jon Kamason

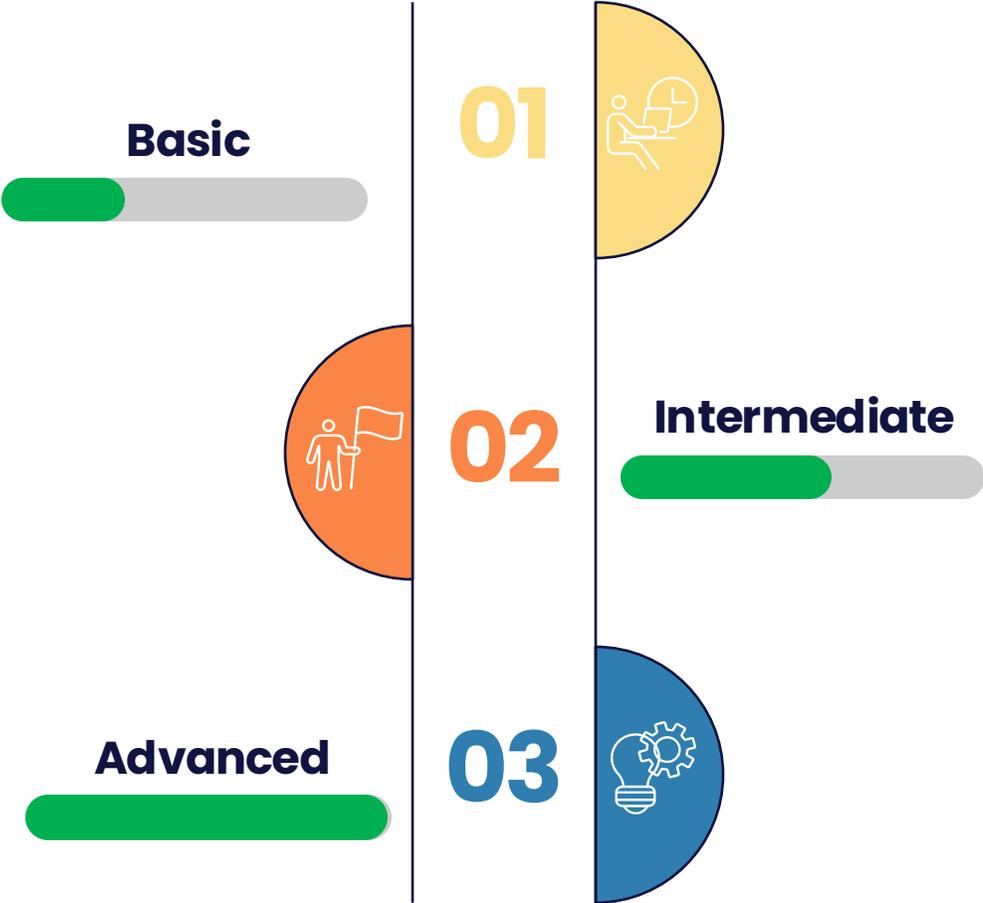
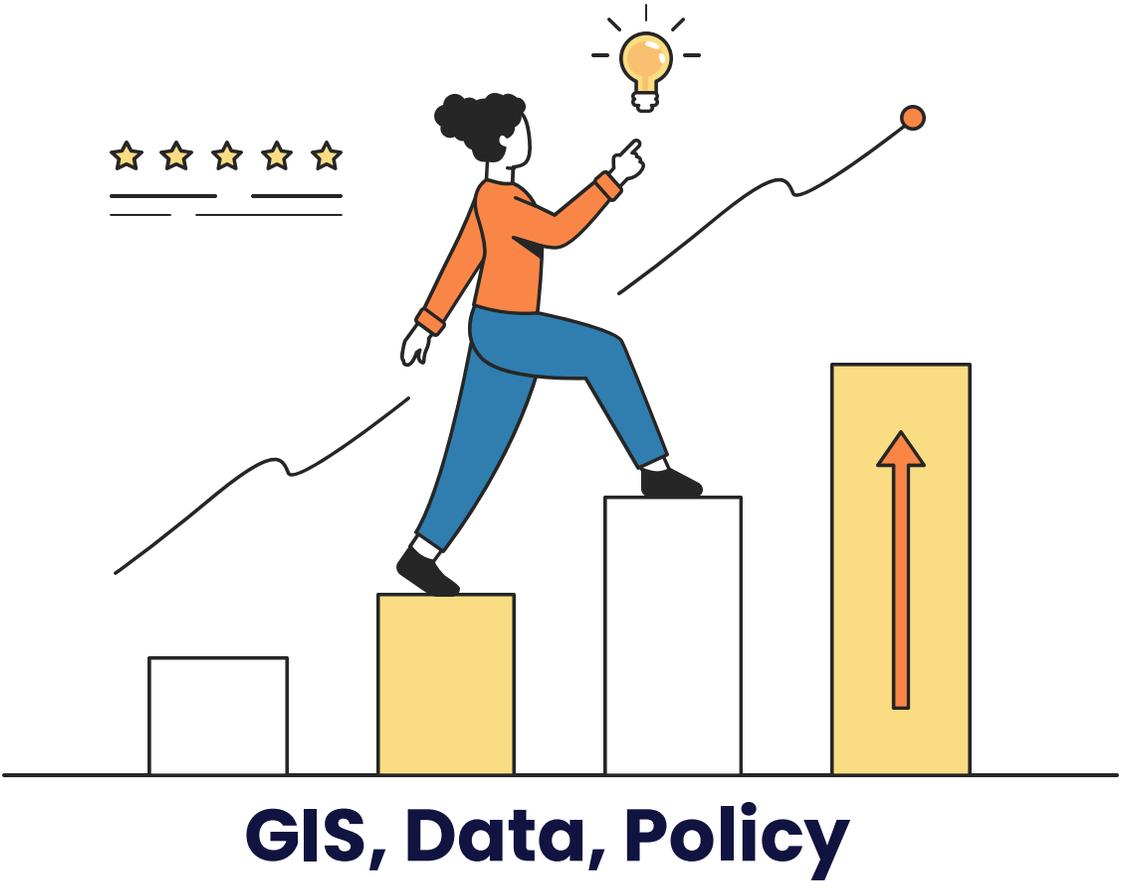
Project Manager, Africa-BB-Maps, ITU



Africa-BB-Maps – ECA's Orchestrating Role



Africa-BB-Maps – Capacity Development Roadmap for Ethiopia



Africa-BB-Maps – Capacity Development Delivery Platform



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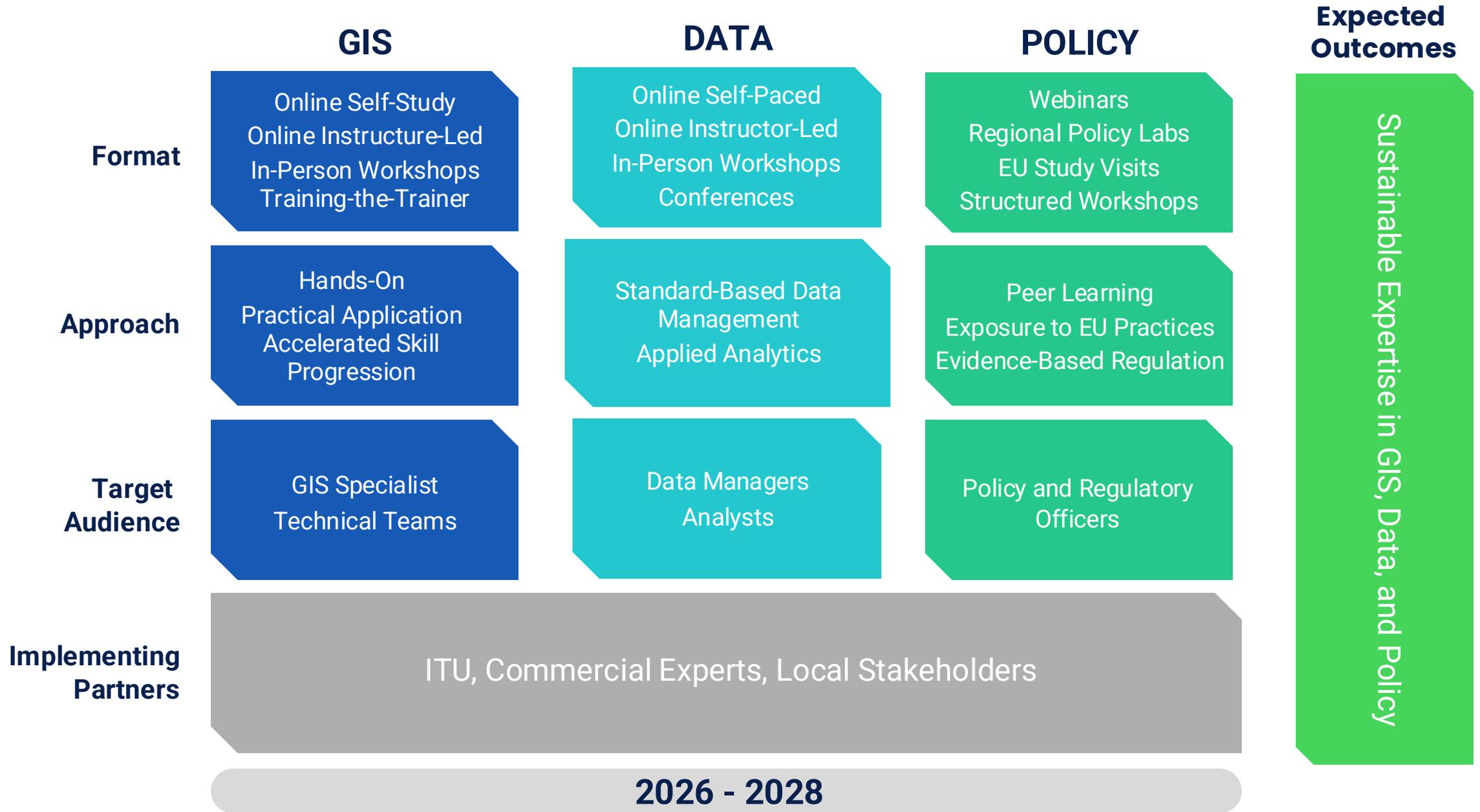
What do you want to learn?

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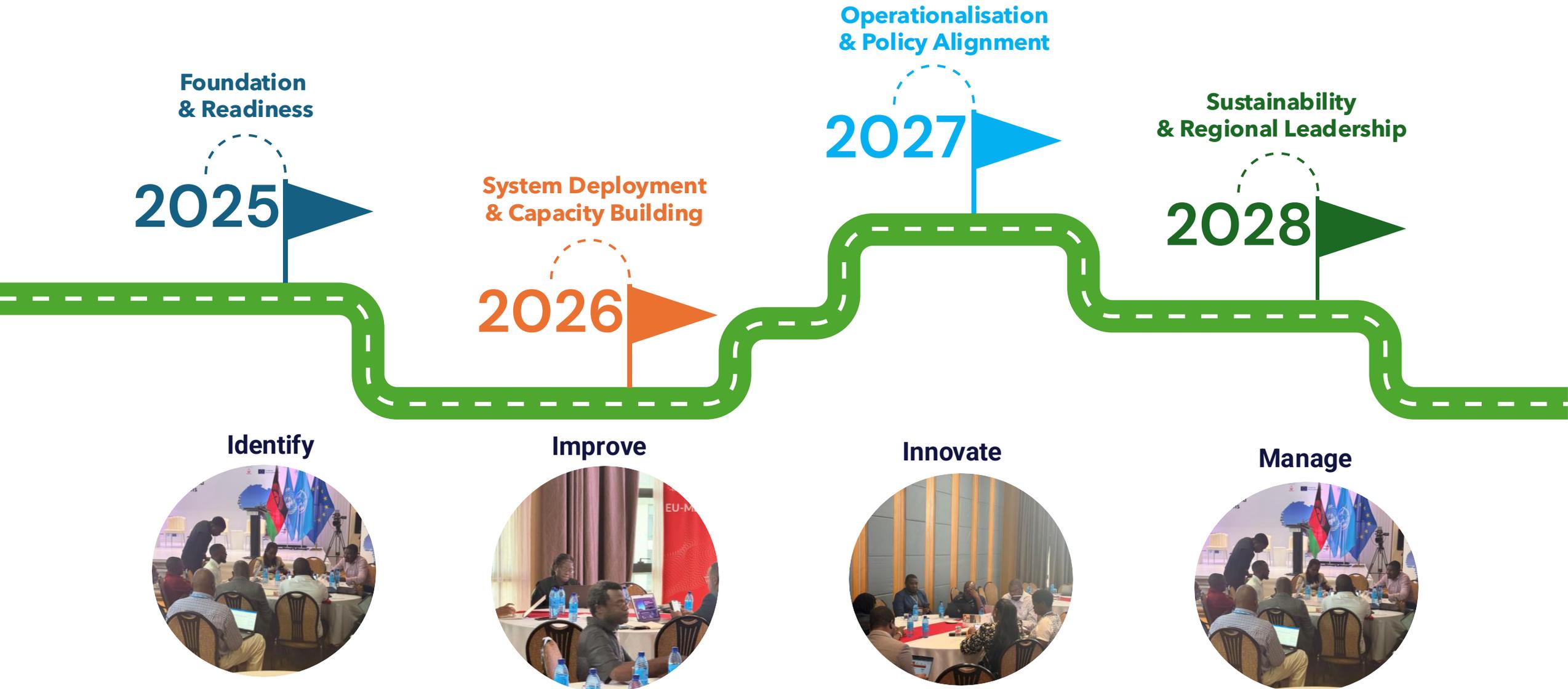
<https://academy.itu.int/>



Africa-BB-Maps – Capacity Development Framework (2026-2028)



Africa-BB-Maps – Next Steps for Ethiopia



Thank you

Any question?



Closing Ceremony

